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FILE COVERS 1907 - 17 Feb 2004 VOL 140 ISS 8 FILE LAST UPDATED: 16 Feb 2004 (20040216/ED)

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=> s Suzuki coupling product

3643 SUZUKI

374230 COUPLING

24786 COUPLINGS

386215 COUPLING

(COUPLING OR COUPLINGS)

1036760 PRODUCT

1216871 PRODUCTS

1960127 PRODUCT

(PRODUCT OR PRODUCTS)

11 SUZUKI COUPLING PRODUCT

(SUZUKI (W) COUPLING (W) PRODUCT)

=> d ibib abs 1-11

L17

L17 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:603205 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:292343

TITLE: Orthopalladated and -platinated bulky triarylphosphite

complexes: Synthesis, reactivity and application as high-activity catalysts for Suzuki and Stille coupling

reactions

AUTHOR(S): Bedford, Robin B.; Hazelwood, Samantha L.; Limmert,

Michael E.; Albisson, David A.; Draper, Sylvia M.; Scully, P. Noelle; Coles, Simon J.; Hursthouse,

Michael B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: School of Chemistry, University of Exeter, Exeter, EX4

4QD, UK

SOURCE: Chemistry--A European Journal (2003), 9(14), 3216-3227

CODEN: CEUJED; ISSN: 0947-6539 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

PUBLISHER: Wiley-VCH Ve

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

Bulky triaryl phosphite ligands undergo facile orthometalation reactions with palladium and platinum precursors; the resulting complexes were examined for their catalytic activity. Reaction of (Ar10)2(Ar0)P (4a,b,c) with [PdCl2(MeCN)2] or PdCl2 afforded ortho-metalated dimers $[Pd[P(OAr1)2(OAr-\kappa C)-\kappa P]C1]2$ [5a, Ar = Ar1 = 2,4-tBu2C6H3; b, Ar = 2,4-tBu2C6H3, (OAr1)2 = CH2-2,2'-(6-tBu-4-MeC6H2O)2; c, Ar = 2,4-tBu2C6H32,4-Me2C6H3, (OAr1) = CH2-2,2'-(6-tBu-4-MeC6H2O)2]. Complexation with platinum gave both monomeric cis-[Pt[P(OAr)2(OAr-κC)- κP [P(OAr)3]Cl] (9) and dimeric [Pt[P(OAr)2(OAr- κC)- κ P]Cl]2 (6) complexes (Ar = 2,4-tBu2C6H3). Palladium complex 5a was gradually de-cyclopalladated by HCl/Et2O finally giving [Pd[P(OAr)3]Cl2]2 (11) and trans-[Pd[P(OAr)3]Cl2] (7a). Addition of phosphines, diphosphines, phosphites and sodium N,N-diethyldithiocarbamate to 5a and 6 gave corresponding monomeric complexes [M[P(OAr)2(OAr-κC)-κP](L)Cl] $(L = phosphine or phosphite), [M[(OAr)2(OAr-\kappa C)-\kappa P](L2)]Cl (L2)$ = dppe, dppm, dppf) and [M[(OAr)2(OAr- κ C)- κ P](Et2NCS2)] (16, 17; M = Pd, Pt). Complexes 5a and 5b were examined for their catalytic activity in Suzuki and Stille coupling reactions, exhibiting extremely high turnover nos. in reaction of aryl bromides and chlorides with PhB(OH)2, and good activity in coupling of aryl chlorides with PhMe3Sn. They can also be used as catalysts for the coupling of alkylboronic acids. Di- and trialkyl phosphine adducts of one of the palladacycles shows very high activity in the Suzuki coupling of aryl chlorides and can also be used to good effect for the Stille coupling of these substrates. The role of the phosphite ligand in the Suzuki coupling of aryl chlorides seems to be one of increasing catalyst longevity by stabilization of the PdO resting state. The crystal structures of the palladacycles 5c and 16 were

REFERENCE COUNT: 43 THERE ARE 43 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:155404 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:320957

determined

TITLE: Synthesis of Monodentate Ferrocenylphosphines and

Their Application to the Palladium-Catalyzed Suzuki

Reaction of Aryl Chlorides

AUTHOR(S): Pickett, Tom E.; Roca, Francesc X.; Richards,

Christopher J.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, Cardiff University, Cardiff,

CF10 3TB, UK

SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), 68(7), 2592-2599

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:320957

Racemic and enantiopure (pS)-1-bromo-2-methylferrocenes 6 were prepared in 4 AB steps from 2-(4,4-dimethyloxazolinyl) ferrocene and (S)-2-(4isopropyloxazolinyl)ferrocene, resp. (46 and 81% overall yield). Bromine-lithium exchange and addition of ClPR2 gave the corresponding racemic or enantiopure 2-methylferrocenyl phosphine ligands 2-MeFcPR2 11 (R = Ph), 12 (R = Cy), and 13 (R = tBu) in 28-93% yield. Use of PC13 gave the C3-sym. phosphine (2-MeFc)3P 5 from (pS)-6 (72% yield) but racemic 6 did not lead to the formation of triferrocenyl phosphines. Combination of 5 and Pd2(dba)3 gave an active catalyst for the Suzuki reaction of aryl chlorides, for example, 4-chlorotoluene and phenylboronic acid reacted at only 60° in dioxane (86% yield). Other examples are reported together with the use of 12 in the same protocol. The value of 211° for cone angle of 5 was estimated from the x-ray crystal data. The cone angles for 11-13 were calculated from the increments of the substituents as 167°, 184° and 192°, resp. The Lewis basicity of 11 and 12 was estimated from the carbonyl stretching frequency in trans-[Rh(CO)ClL2], formed in situ. An anal. is made of the steric and electronic influences on ligand activity in the Suzuki reaction. REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 68 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 68 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L17 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:134074 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:321381 TITLE: The Role of Ligand Transformations on the Performance of Phosphite- and Phosphinite-Based Palladium Catalysts in the Suzuki Reaction Bedford, Robin B.; Hazelwood, Samantha L.; Limmert, AUTHOR (S): Michael E.; Brown, John M.; Ramdeehul, Shailesh; Cowley, Andrew R.; Coles, Simon J.; Hursthouse,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

School of Chemistry, University of Exeter, Exeter, EX4

4QD, UK

Michael B.

SOURCE: Organometallics (2003), 22(7), 1364-1371

CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:321381

The ortho-metalated complex [$\{Pd(\mu-Cl)\{\kappa P, \kappa C-P(OC6H2-2, 4-m\}\}\}$] tBu2)(OC6H3-2,4-tBu2)2}}2] reacts with phenylboronic acid hydrate and K2CO3 in dimethylacetamide to give oxo-bridged diaryl phosphite complex $Pd{\kappa P, \kappa C, \kappa O - \mu 2 - O - P(O) (OC6H2 - 2, 4 - tBu2) (OC6H3 - 2, 4 - tBu2)}$ tBu2)(DMAc)}] (11). When the reaction is repeated in DMF, the coupling product, 3,3',5,5'-tetra-tert-butyl-2,2'-biphenol (12) was isolated. The reaction of palladium dichloride with phosphinite PiPr2(OC6H4-4-Et) in 2-methoxyethanol followed by recrystn. in the presence of ethanol gave the palladium complex of the transesterificated phosphinite ligand, trans-[PdCl2{PiPr2(OEt)}2] (14). The mol. structure of 11, 12 and 14 was confirmed by x-ray crystallog. To determine whether related solvolytic processes have an effect on catalytic activity, the performance of a range of catalysts with "hydrolyzed" and "nonhydrolyzed" ligands was assessed in the Suzuki coupling of aryl bromides. Palladium ortho-metalated dimethylbenzylamine and phosphite complexes with extra hydroxyphosphinite and secondary phosphite ligands, [Pd(C6H4CH2NMe2-κC,κN)(L1- κP) (16, L1 = 6-hydroxy-6H-dibenzo[c,e][1,2]-oxaphosphorin), [Pd(L2- κ C, κ P)Cl]2 (3e, L2 = (2,4-di-tertbutylphenyl) (methylenebis-2,2'-[6-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl]) phosphite), and in situ formed [Pd(C6H4CH2NMe2- κ C, κ N)(L2- κ P)] and [Pd(C6H4CH2NMe2- κ C, κ N)(L3- κ P)] (L3 = (hydroxy)(methylenebis-2,2'-[6-tert-butyl-4-methylphenyl]) phosphite) were tested as Suzuki coupling catalysts, showing moderate activity. In some cases it was evident that hydrolysis plays a significant role on the catalytic activity; however, this depends not only on the ligand, but also

on the combination of ligand and palladium precursor.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

35

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:18730 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:385488

TITLE:

Diastereoselective aldol reactions of furaldehyde using a chiral boronate as auxiliary: application to the synthesis of enantiomerically pure and highly functionalized 2,3-disubstituted furanyl alcohols

AUTHOR(S):

Chan, Kin-Fai; Wong, Henry N. C.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry and Central Laboratory of the Institute of Molecular Technology for Drug Discovery and Synthesis, The Chinese University of Hong Kong,

Hong Kong, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE:

European Journal of Organic Chemistry (2003), (1),

82-91

CODEN: EJOCFK; ISSN: 1434-193X Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE:

PUBLISHER:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 138:385488

The aldol reactions of various ketene silyl acetals or lithium enolates with 2-furancarbaldehyde bearing (2R,3R)-1,4-dimethoxy-1,1,4,4-tetraphenyl-2,3-butanediyl boronate chiral auxiliary at 3-position of the furan ring (2, C4H2O-2-CHO-3-cyclo-(R,R)-BO2[CHCPh2(OMe)]2) were studied. Metal-salt catalyzed addition of R12C:C(OR)(OSiMe3) (3a) with 2 gave stereoisomeric mixture of silyl ethers with moderate predominance of the (R)-isomer I (4b, R = Et, R1 = H, R2 = SiMe3), while the reaction of substituted ketene acetals 3b or 3c produced more diastereoselectivity in products 5b,c (I, \mbox{R} = Et, R2 = SiMe3 and H; R1 = Me and R1-R1 = (CH2)5, resp.). Non-catalyzed addition of lithium enolate CH2:C(OLi)(OR) (9a,b, R = Et or tBu) with 2 afforded hydroxy-derivs. 10b and 11b, resp., (shown as I, R1 = R2 = H). Lithium 1-cycloheptenolate was also reacted with 2 to give (R,R)-aldol product. It was found that (R) diastereoselectivity was more favorable than (S) diastereoselectivity and moderate diastereoselectivity was achieved. Some of the resulting aldol diastereomers were chromatog. separable by simple flash column chromatog. on silica gel, leading to optically pure aldol adducts. The absolute stereochem. of the aldol adducts were determined by x-ray crystallog. anal. Further transformation of the carbon-boron bond to a carbon-carbon bond was achieved in a Suzuki coupling reaction to furnish highly functionalized and enantiomerically

pure 2,3-disubstituted furyl alcs. One of the furyl alcs. was allowed to rearrange to hydroxypyranone in order to demonstrate possible applications of the developed methodol.

REFERENCE COUNT: 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:880461 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:106811

TITLE: Highly Bulky and Electron-Rich Terminal Ruthenium

Phosphido Complexes: New Donor Ligands for Palladium-Catalyzed Suzuki Cross-Couplings

AUTHOR(S): Planas, Jose Giner; Gladysz, J. A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institut fuer Organische Chemie, Friedrich-Alexander-

Universitaet Erlangen-Nuernberg, Erlangen, 91054,

Germany

SOURCE: Inorganic Chemistry (2002), 41(26), 6947-6949

CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:106811

AB Secondary phosphine complexes of the formula [(η5-C5H5)Ru(L)2(PHR2)]+ BArF- are prepared from cationic ruthenium N2 complexes and PHR2 (L = PEt3, 1/2 depe; R = Ph (a), t-Bu (b), Cy (c)). Addns. of t-BuOK or NaN(SiMe3)2 gave the phosphido complexes (η5-C5H5)Ru(L)2(PR2) ((L)2 = (PEt3)2 (5a-c), depe (6a,b)) in high NMR yields. These rapidly oxidize in air to give isolable RuP(:O)R2 species. Complex 5a is more basic than the rhenium analog (η5-C5H5)Re(NO)(PPh3)(PPh2), and 6b is more basic than P-t-Bu3. Complexes 5a-c and 6b are effective ligands for palladium-catalyzed Suzuki reactions. The catalyst from 6b is nearly as

reactive as that from the benchmark ligand P-t-Bu3.

REFERENCE COUNT: 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

L17 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:818524 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:170339

TITLE: A new generation of air stable, highly active Pd

complexes for C-C and C-N coupling reactions with aryl

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

chlorides

AUTHOR(S): Schnyder, Anita; Indolese, Adriano F.; Studer, Martin;

Blaser, Hans-Ulrich

CORPORATE SOURCE: Solvias AG, Basel, 4002, Switz.

SOURCE: Angewandte Chemie, International Edition (2002),

41(19), 3668-3671

CODEN: ACIEF5; ISSN: 1433-7851 Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co. KGaA

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

PUBLISHER:

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:170339

AB High yields in important Pd-catalyzed reactions of aryl chlorides are obtained with complexes consisting of a palladacycle and a secondary phosphine which could be prepared in situ or isolated. Heck reaction of ClC6H4Me-4 with Bu acrylate, Suzuki coupling of phenylboronic acid with 4-chloroanisole, N-arylation of N-methylaniline and morpholine with ClC6H4R-4 (R = Me, MeO) and α-arylation of propiophenone with ClC6H4Me-4 were studied. Palladacycles bis(2'-dimethylaminobiphenyl-2-yl-N,C)di-μ-acetatodipalladium (1), bis(2-acetamidophenyl-C,O)di-μ-acetatodipalladium (3), bis[(2-dimethylaminomethyl)phenyl-C,N]di-μ-acetatodipalladium (4) were used as catalysts for the Suzuki and Heck coupling reactions after in situ treatment with sterically demanding secondary phosphines HPCy2, HPtBu2, HP(1-adamantyl)2 (HPAd2), HP(2-norbornyl)2 (HPNor2), 4,8-dimethyl-2-phosphabicyclo[3.3.1]nonane (6),

2,4,6-triisopropyl-1,3,5-dioxaphosphorinane (7), along with tertiary analogs PCy3 and PtBu3. Reaction of [(L-C,N)Pd(μ -Cl)]2 [8, L-C,N = bis(2'-dimethylaminobiphenyl-2-yl-N,C)] with HPNor2, HPtBu2, HPCy2 and PCy3 gave corresponding [(L-C,N)Pd(phosphine)Cl] complexes (9-12), which were isolated and used as catalysts for the Suzuki, Heck, N- and C-arylation coupling reactions. In general, comparison of HPCy2 and PCy3 revealed better yields in the case of the secondary phosphine. The isolated catalysts 9-12 are air-stable, and easy to handle. The catalysts formed in situ allow optimization of the reaction by variation of the palladacycle and phosphine components.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:664742 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

137:337633

TITLE:

Palladium-Catalyzed Cycloalkylations of 2-Bromo-1,n-dienes with Organoboronic Acids

AUTHOR (S):

Oh, Chang Ho; Sung, Hye Rhyan; Park, Su Jin; Ahn, Kyo

Han

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Hanyang University,

Sungdong-Gu, Seoul, 133-791, S. Korea

SOURCE:

Journal of Organic Chemistry (2002), 67(20), 7155-7157

CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

PUBLISHER:

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

GΙ

Alkylpalladium intermediates, formed via an intramol. Heck reaction of 2-bromo-1,n-dienes I [X = (EtO2C)2C, R1 = H, Me, n = 1, 2; X = O, NTs, R1 = H, n = 1], were successfully cross-coupled with various organoboronic acids R2B(OH)2 [R2 = Ph, 4-(HOCH2)C6H4, 3,5-Me2C6H3, PhCH:CH, BuCH:CH, Me3CCH:CH] to give the corresponding methylenecycloalkanes or methylene-substituted heterocycles II in good to excellent yields. The optimal yields were achieved by the use of Cs2CO3 in EtOH with Pd(PPh3)4 as a catalyst, at concns. of 2-bromo-1,n-dienes I and organoboronic acids as 0.2 and 0.3 M (1.5 equiv), resp.

REFERENCE COUNT:

28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:657290 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:153631

TITLE:

Synthesis, characterisation and catalytic activity of

metal complexes of neutral, unsymmetrical P/S

ferrocenediyl ligands

AUTHOR (S):

Gibson, Vernon C.; Long, Nicholas J.; White, Andrew J.

P.; Williams, Charlotte K.; Williams, David J.;

Fontani, Marco; Zanello, Piero

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Chemistry, Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine, South Kensington, London, SW7

2AY, UK

SOURCE:

Journal of the Chemical Society, Dalton Transactions

(2002), (17), 3280-3289

CODEN: JCSDAA; ISSN: 1472-7773 Royal Society of Chemistry

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 138:153631

Two asym. 1,1'-disubstituted ferrocenediyl liqands, 1-(diphenylphosphino)-1'-(methylthio)ferrocene (1) and 1-(diphenylphosphino)-1'-(mesitylthio) ferrocene (2) featuring phosphine and thioether substituents were conveniently synthesized and the coordination chemical of 1 was probed by reaction with transition metal reagents. With Group 10 metal and Rh(I) species, chelating complexes are formed in high yield and a monodentate bis-ligand complex with trans phosphorus ligation can also be synthesized using a Pd(II) species and three equivalent of 1. With [M(CO)5thf] (M = Cr, Mo or W), 1 forms a mixture of monodentate, P-bound pentacarbonyl and P/S-chelating tetracarbonyl products. The monodentate pentacarbonyl product can be converted into the chelating tetracarbonyl species via prolonged reflux in toluene. Crystal structures for nickel, palladium, platinum and tungsten complexes are reported. Redox potentials were determined by cyclovoltammetry for 1 and prepared complexes. Preliminary studies show that 1, in combination with Pd2(dba)3 precursors, can act as a catalyst

for the Suzuki coupling reaction. REFERENCE COUNT:

PUBLISHER:

THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:649165 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:353277

Hydroboration-Suzuki cross coupling of unsaturated TITLE:

amino acids; the synthesis of pyrimine derivatives

AUTHOR (S): Collier, Philip N.; Campbell, Andrew D.; Patel, Ian;

Taylor, Richard J. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of York, York, YO10 5DD, UK

Tetrahedron (2002), 58(30), 6117-6125

SOURCE: CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:353277

Hydroboration of protected allylglycines with 9-BBN followed by Suzuki cross coupling of the resulting organoboranes proceeded smoothly giving a range of new bis-homophenylalanine and related derivs. in good yields (9

examples, 53-64%). One of the Suzuki coupling

products has been elaborated to give the N-Cbz-protected natural product pyrimine. The hydroboration-Suzuki coupling of vinylglycine derivs. was also studied but was less efficient than with the allylglycine derivs.; the best results were obtained using disiamylborane DMS as the hydroborating agent.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 64 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 64 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:324745 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:310962

TITLE: Iminophosphines: synthesis, formation of

> 2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[1,3]azaphosphol-3-ium salts and N-(pyridin-2-yl)-2-diphenylphosphinoylaniline, coordination chemistry and applications in platinum

group catalyzed Suzuki coupling reactions and

hydrosilylations

Doherty, Simon; Knight, Julian G.; Scanlan, Tom H.; AUTHOR (S):

Elsegood, Mark R. J.; Clegg, William

CORPORATE SOURCE: The Queen's University of Belfast, School of Chemistry, Belfast, BT9 5AG, UK

SOURCE: Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (2002), 650(1-2),

231-248

CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:310962

The aprotic and protic bi- and multidentate iminophosphines 2-Ph2PC6H4N:CR1R2 (R1 = H, R2 = Ph, 2a; R1 = Me, R2 = Ph, 2b; R1 = H, R2 = 2-thienyl, 2c; R1 = H, R2 = C6H4-2-PPh2, 2d; R1 = H, R2 = C6H4-2-OH, 2e, R1 = H, R2 = C6H4-2-OH-3-But, 2f; R1 = H, R2 = CH2C(O)Me, 2g) were prepared by the acid catalyzed condensation of 2-(diphenylphosphino)aniline with the corresponding aldehyde or ketone. Iminophosphine 2d can be reduced with Na cyanoborohydride to give the corresponding amino-diphosphine 2-Ph2PC6H4N(H)CH2C6H4-2-PPh2 (2h). In the presence of a stoichiometric quantity of acid, 2-(diphenylphosphino)aniline reacts in an unexpected manner with benzaldehyde, salicylaldehyde, or acetophenone to give the corresponding 2,3-dihydro-1H-benzo[1,3]azaphosphol-3-ium salts and with pyridine-2-carboxaldehyde to give N-(pyridin-2-ylmethyl)-2diphenylphosphinoylaniline, the latter of which was characterized by single-crystal x-ray crystallog., as its Pd dichloride derivative The attempted condensation of 2-(diphenylphosphino)aniline with pyridine-2-carboxaldehyde to give the corresponding pyridinefunctionalized iminophosphine resulted in an unusual transformation involving the diastereoselective addition of two equiv of aldehyde to give [1,2-dipyridin-2-yl-2-(o-diphenylphosphinoyl)phenylamino]ethanol, which was characterized by a single-crystal x-ray structure determination The bidentate

iminophosphine 2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(H)Ph reacts with [(cycloocta-1,5-diene)PdClX] (X = Cl, Me) to give $[Pd{2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(H)Ph}ClX]$ and the imino-diphosphine 2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(H)C6H4PPh2 reacts with [(cycloocta-1,5-diene)PdClMe] to give [Pd{2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(H)C6H4PPh2}ClMe] and each was characterized by single-crystal x-ray crystallog. The monobasic iminophosphine 2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(Me)CH2C(O)Me reacts with [Ni(PPh3)2Cl2] in the presence of NaH to give the phosphino-ketoiminate complex [Ni{2-Ph2PC6H4N:C(Me)CHC(O)Me}Cl], which was structurally characterized. Mixts. of iminophosphines 2a-h and a Pd source catalyze the Suzuki cross coupling of 4-bromoacetophenone with phenylboronic acid. The efficiency of these catalysts show a marked dependence on the Pd source, catalysts formed from [Pd2(OAc)6] giving consistently higher conversions than those formed from [Pd2(dba)3] and [PdCl2(MeCN)2]. Catalysts formed from neutral bi- and terdentate iminophosphines 2a-d gave significantly higher conversions than those formed from their monobasic counterparts 2e-f. Notably, under the authors' conditions the conversions obtained with 2a-c compare favorably with those of the stds.; catalysts formed from tris(2-toly1)phosphine and tris(2,4-di-tert-butylphenyl)phosphite and a source of Pd. In addition, mixts. of [Ir(COD)Cl]2 and 2a-h are active for the hydrosilylation of acetophenone; in this case catalysts formed from monobasic iminophosphines 2e-f giving the highest conversions.

REFERENCE COUNT: 73 THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:42558 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:340432

AUTHOR(S):

TITLE: Synthetic chemistry: The key to successful organic

synthesis is...
Jones, William D.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Chemistry, University of Rochester,

Rochester, NY, 14627, USA

SOURCE: Science (Washington, DC, United States) (2002),

295 (5553), 289-290

CODEN: SCIEAS; ISSN: 0036-8075

PUBLISHER:

American Association for the Advancement of Science

Journal; General Review

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

English

materials for Suzuki coupling reactions.

AB A review. The research of Cho et al. (2002) is reviewed with commentary and 12 refs. The commentary discusses the preparation of an (cyclooctadienyl) (indenyl) iridium catalyst for the selective borylation of benzenes to give meta-substituted benzeneboronic acid pinacolates in high yield. The iridium catalyst is easily prepared in one step from readily available starting materials. Arenes are borylated selectively in the presence of chloro, fluoro, bromo, and iodo groups without the formation of Suzuki coupling products; methoxy and methoxycarbonyl groups are also tolerated. In the presence of the iridium catalyst and a palladium catalyst, tandem borylation and Suzuki coupling occurs to give biaryl coupling products and a polyphenylene polymer. The iridium borylation catalyst allows access to a wide variety of starting

REFERENCE COUNT:

12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L1 0	S BORANE AND BUT-2-ENYL		
L2 351	S BUT-2-ENYL		
L3 0	S L2 AND B/ELS		
L4 0	S BIS ALLYL BORANE		
L5	STRUCTURE UPLOADED		
L6 0	S L5		
	S L5 FULL		
L8 98	S BORANE AND ALLYL		
L9 31	S L8 AND BIS		
L10	STRUCTURE UPLOADED		
	S L10		
	S L10 FULL		
L13	STRUCTURE UPLOADED		
L14 11	F RNF		
L15 0	S L13		
L16 1	S L13 FULL		
FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:54:31 ON 17 FEB 2004 L17			
	S SUZUKI/TI AND COUPL?/TI	122 2001	
	S L18 AND BORAN		
L20 8	S L18 AND BORAN?		
=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DO	LLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
0001 23. 0101 20.		ENTRY	
FULL ESTIMATED	COST	35.27	612.22
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=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:40:34 ON 17 FEB 2004)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:41:12 ON 17 FEB 2004

```
T.1
              0 S BORANE AND BUT-2-ENYL
L2
          351 S BUT-2-ENYL
L3
             0 S L2 AND B/ELS
             0 S BIS ALLYL BORANE
1.4
L5
               STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L6
             0 S L5
L7
             0 S L5 FULL
L8
            98 S BORANE AND ALLYL
L9
            31 S L8 AND BIS
              STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L10
L11
             0 S L10
L12
             0 S L10 FULL
L13
              STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L14
            11 F RNF
L15
              0 S L13
L16
              1 S L13 FULL
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 13:54:31 ON 17 FEB 2004
             11 S SUZUKI COUPLING PRODUCT
L17
     FILE 'CASREACT' ENTERED AT 13:55:25 ON 17 FEB 2004
            263 S SUZUKI/TI AND COUPL?/TI
L18
L19
              0 S L18 AND BORAN
L20
              8 S L18 AND BORAN?
     FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:01:50 ON 17 FEB 2004
=> s suzuki/ti and coupl?/ti
           789 SUZUKI/TI
        111998 COUPL?/TI
           505 SUZUKI/TI AND COUPL?/TI
L21
=> s 121 and bora?
         99567 BORA?
            50 L21 AND BORA?
=> d ti 1-50
L22 ANSWER 1 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     Synthesis of C1-alkyl- and acylglycals from glycals using a B-alkyl
     Suzuki-Miyaura cross coupling approach
L22 ANSWER 2 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
TI
     Synthesis of novel halopyridinylboronic acids and esters. Part 4:
     Halopyridin-2-yl-boronic acids and esters are stable, crystalline partners
     for classical Suzuki cross-coupling
L22 ANSWER 3 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
TT
     Polymer-Assisted Solution-Phase (PASP) Suzuki Couplings
     Employing an Anthracene-Tagged Palladium Catalyst
L22 ANSWER 4 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     Synthesis of a dicyclobutylideneethane derivative via sequential
     palladium-catalyzed Miyaura borylation and Suzuki
     coupling
L22 ANSWER 5 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reactions via
TТ
    hydroboration of 1,1-disubstituted alkenes with B-H -10-phenyl-9-
    borabicyclo[3.3.2] decane
L22 ANSWER 6 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
    Regiospecific Suzuki coupling of 3,5-
TI
    dichloroisothiazole-4-carbonitrile
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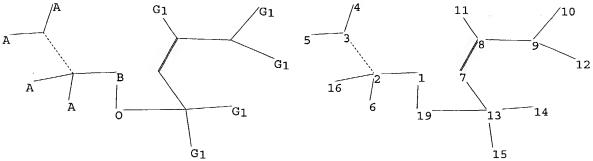
- L22 ANSWER 7 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Palladium-catalyzed borylation and Suzuki coupling (BSC) to obtain β -substituted dehydroamino acid derivatives
- L22 ANSWER 8 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A convenient preparation of dityrosine via Miyaura borylation-Suzuki coupling of iodotyrosine derivatives
- L22 ANSWER 9 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI New shelf-stable halo- and alkoxy-substituted pyridylboronic acids and their Suzuki cross-coupling reactions to yield heteroarylpyridines
- L22 ANSWER 10 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI B-Alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura Cross-Coupling Reactions with Air-Stable Potassium Alkyltrifluoroborates
- L22 ANSWER 11 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Asymmetric Synthesis of an Axially Chiral Antimitotic Biaryl via an Atropo-Enantioselective Suzuki Cross-Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 12 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Tandem palladium-catalyzed borylation and **Suzuki** coupling (BSC) to thienocarbazole precursors
- L22 ANSWER 13 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Combined application of organozinc chemistry and one-pot hydroboration-Suzuki coupling to the synthesis of amino acids
- L22 ANSWER 14 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Conjugated polymer preparation via **Suzuki-coupling** in emulsion
- L22 ANSWER 15 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Synthesis of (indol-3-yl)heteroaromatics by Suzuki-Miyaura coupling and their inhibitory activity in lipid peroxidation
- L22 ANSWER 16 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Development of a 9-borabicyclo[3.3.1] nonane-mediated solid-phase Suzuki coupling for the preparation of dihydrostilbene analogs
- L22 ANSWER 17 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Practical Asymmetric Synthesis of a Potent Cathepsin K Inhibitor. Efficient Palladium Removal Following Suzuki Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 18 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The Synthesis of OSU 6162: Efficient, Large-Scale Implementation of a Suzuki Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 19 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Process for the catalytic synthesis of biaryls and polymers from aryl compounds via sequential borylation using iridium or rhodium catalysts and arylation (Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling) using palladium catalysts
- L22 ANSWER 20 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Modular Approach to Novel Chiral Aryl-Ferrocenyl Phosphines by Suzuki Cross-Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 21 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Convenient approach to 3,4-diarylisoxazoles based on the Suzuki cross-coupling reaction

- L22 ANSWER 22 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Suzuki cross-couplings of alkyl tosylates that possess β hydrogen atoms: synthetic and mechanistic studies
- L22 ANSWER 23 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Functionalized Pyridylboronic Acids and Their **Suzuki** Cross-**Coupling** Reactions To Yield Novel Heteroarylpyridines
- L22 ANSWER 24 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Concave reagents, 37. A facile route to aryl-substituted 1,10-phenanthrolines by means of **Suzuki coupling** reactions between substituted areneboronic acids and halogeno-1,10-phenanthrolines
- L22 ANSWER 25 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cyclopropylboronic acid: synthesis and Suzuki crosscoupling reactions
- L22 ANSWER 26 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A method for palladium-catalyzed cross-couplings of simple alkyl chlorides: Suzuki reactions catalyzed by [Pd2(dba)3]/PCy3
- L22 ANSWER 27 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Generation of Substituted Styrenes via Suzuki Cross-Coupling of Aryl Halides with 2,4,6-Trivinylcyclotriboroxane
- L22 ANSWER 28 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Efficient total synthesis of khafrefungin: convergent approach using Suzuki coupling under thallium-free conditions toward multigram-scale synthesis
- L22 ANSWER 29 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A New Synthesis of Butadienyl- and Styrylboronic Esters: Highly Reactive Intermediates for **Suzuki** Cross-**Coupling**
- L22 ANSWER 30 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Enantiomerically Pure α -Amino Acid Synthesis via Hydroboration-Suzuki Cross-Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 31 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Application of the Palladium-Catalyzed Borylation/Suzuki
 Coupling (BSC) Reaction to the Synthesis of Biologically Active
 Biaryl Lactams
- L22 ANSWER 32 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The B-alkyl Suzuki-Miyaura cross-coupling reaction: development, mechanistic study, and applications in natural product synthesis
- L22 ANSWER 33 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI **Suzuki** Cross-**Coupling** Reactions of Potassium Alkenyltrifluoroborates
- L22 ANSWER 34 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Short syntheses of 8-substituted 8'-[1-(1'-phenylthio)ferrocenyl]-1,1'-binaphthyls from **Suzuki coupling** reactions. A strategy for generating new chiral ligands and charge-transfer complexes
- L22 ANSWER 35 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Room-Temperature Alkyl-Alkyl Suzuki Cross-Coupling of Alkyl Bromides that Possess β Hydrogens
- L22 ANSWER 36 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

- TI Suzuki Reaction of a Diarylborinic Acid: One-Pot Preparation and Cross-Coupling of Bis(3,5-dimethylphenyl)borinic Acid
- L22 ANSWER 37 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Application of the 'resin-capture-release' methodology to macrocyclization via intramolecular **Suzuki**-Miyaura **coupling**
- L22 ANSWER 38 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI A general route to pyridine-modified salicylaldehydes via Suzuki coupling
- L22 ANSWER 39 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Suzuki Cross-Coupling Reaction of Sterically Hindered Aryl Boronates with 3-Iodo-4-methoxybenzoic Acid Methyl Ester
- L22 ANSWER 40 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Aryl and vinyl cyclopropanes through the in situ generation of B-cyclopropyl-9-BBN and its Suzuki-Miyaura coupling
- L22 ANSWER 41 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Cost-efficient synthesis of E2040: Application of Suzuki-Miyaura coupling using o-cyanophenylborate.
- L22 ANSWER 42 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Highly Active Palladium Catalysts for Suzuki Coupling Reactions
- L22 ANSWER 43 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation of new functionalized hydrocarbon linkers via Suzuki cross coupling reaction
- L22 ANSWER 44 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Alkylboranes in the **Suzuki-Miyaura Coupling**: Stereochemical and Mechanistic Studies
- L22 ANSWER 45 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Synthesis of [6.6] Metacyclophane via the Suzuki Coupling
- L22 ANSWER 46 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Total synthesis of (-)-epothilone B: an extension of the Suzuki coupling method and insights into structure-activity relationships of the epothilones
- L22 ANSWER 47 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI The **Suzuki**-Miyaura **coupling**: The transmetallation step.
- L22 ANSWER 48 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Zirconocene-Mediated Preparation of 1,3-, 1,4- and 2,3-Dibora-1,3-butadienes: Their Isolation and Characterization and Use in **Suzuki**-Miyaura **Coupling**
- L22 ANSWER 49 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI Alkynylboranes in the Suzuki-Miyaura coupling
- L22 ANSWER 50 OF 50 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
- TI trans-Vinylsilanes via Suzuki-Miyaura coupling

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10650370.str



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 19

chain bonds :

exact/norm bonds :

2-16 2-3 2-6 3-4 3-5 8-11 9-12 9-10 13-14 13-15 13-19

exact bonds :

1-19 1-2 7-13 7-8 8-9

G1:H,A

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 19:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

STR

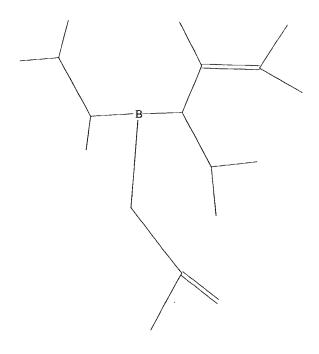
=> que L1

L2 QUE L1

=> d

L2 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1



Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L2 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L1

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:15:29 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

3 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

3 TO 163

PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO 0

L3

0 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:15:34 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 22 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED

22 ITERATIONS

0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L4

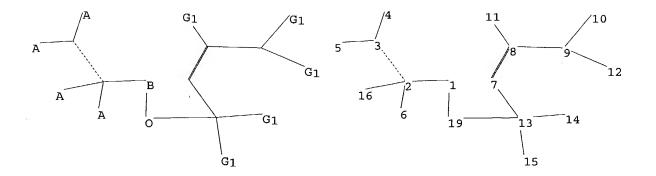
0 SEA SSS FUL L1

=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=>

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chain nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 19
chain bonds :

exact/norm bonds :

2-16 2-3 2-6 3-4 3-5 8-11 9-12 9-10 13-14 13-15 13-19

exact bonds :

1-19 1-2 7-13 7-8 8-9

G1:H,A

Match level :

1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 19:CLASS

L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

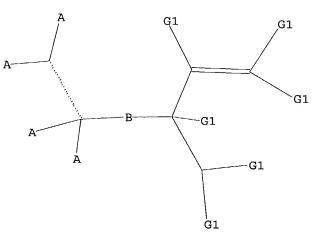
=> que L5

L6 QUE L5

=> d

L6 HAS NO ANSWERS

L5 STR



G1 H,A

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L6 $$\tt QUE $\tt ABB=ON $\tt PLU=ON $\tt L5$$

=> s 15

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:19:06 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 241 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 241 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3889 TO 5751

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO

L7 0 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 15 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:19:10 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5050 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 5050 ITERATIONS 0 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

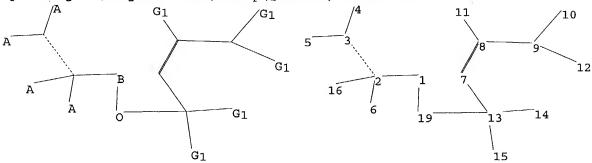
L8 0 SEA SSS FUL L5

=>Testing the current file.... screen

ENTER SCREEN EXPRESSION OR (END):end

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10650370.str



chain nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 19

chain bonds :

exact/norm bonds :

2-16 2-3 2-6 3-4 3-5 8-11 9-12 9-10 13-14 13-15 13-19

exact bonds :

1-19 1-2 7-13 7-8 8-9

G1:H,A

Match level :

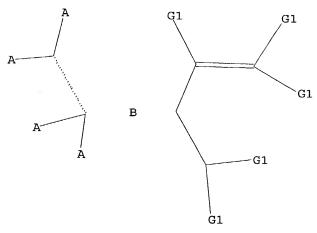
1:CLASS 2:CLASS 3:CLASS 4:CLASS 5:CLASS 6:CLASS 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 19:CLASS

=> que L9

L10 QUE L9

=> d

L10 HAS NO ANSWERS L9 STR



G1 H,A

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation. L10 QUE ABB=ON PLU=ON L9

=> s 19

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 13:21:41 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 498 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 498 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

0 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE** BATCH **COMPLETE**

8622 TO 11298

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: PROJECTED ANSWERS:

0 TO

L11

0 SEA SSS SAM L9

=> s 19 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:21:45 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10109 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 10109 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

63 ANSWERS

L1263 SEA SSS FUL L9

=> d scan

L12 63 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN IN Borane, 1-hexynyl-1-octenyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)-, (E)- (9CI)
MF C20 H37 B

Double bond geometry as shown.

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):10

L12 63 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

IN Poly[[(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)borylene]-2,8-decadiene-1,10-diyl] (9CI)

MF (C16 H29 B)n

CI PMS

RELATED POLYMERS AVAILABLE WITH POLYLINK

L12 63 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

MF C17 H33 B N . K

CI CCS

● K+

L12 63 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN IN Borane, 1-pentenyl(1,1,2-trimethylpropyl)-, (E)- (9CI)

MF C11 H23 B

Double bond geometry as shown.

L12 63 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

IN L-Leucinamide, N-(3-carboxy-1-oxopropyl)-L- α -aspartyl-L- α -glutamyl-2-methyl-L-phenylalanyl-3-methyl-L-valyl-N-[(1R)-1-borono-4-pentenyl]- (9CI)

SQL 5

MF C40 H61 B N6 O14